



Bible History

The Kings of a Divided Kingdom

I. THE KINGS OF JUDAH

A. Rehoboam (1 Kings 14:21-31; 2 Chronicles 10-12)

1. The duration of his reign
 - a. His reign began ~ year 3,244.
 - b. He was forty-one years old when he began to reign and his reign lasted seventeen years (1 Kings 14:21; 2 Chronicles 12:13).
 - c. His reign ended in death (1 Kings 14:31) ~ year 3,261.
2. The significance of his reign
 - a. He was the son of Solomon and the grandson of David (1 Kings 14:21).
 - b. His mother was an Ammonitess (1 Kings 14:21).
 - c. It was during his reign that the kingdom split (1 Kings 12:1-24; 2 Chronicles 10:1-19).
 - d. His reign failed by idolatry (1 Kings 14:22-24; 2 Chronicles 12:1).
 - e. He was invaded by Shishak the king of Egypt (1 Kings 14:25-28; 2 Chronicles 12:2-12).
 - (1) In the fifth year (~ year 3,248) of his reign (1 Kings 14:25; 2 Chronicles 12:2)
 - (2) Because of rebellion (2 Chronicles 12:5)
 - (3) Losing the treasures of the house of the LORD and of the king's house (1 Kings 14:26; 2 Chronicles 12:9)
 - (4) Losing the shields of gold Solomon made (1 Kings 14:26; 2 Chronicles 12:9)
 - (5) Replaced with brassen shields (1 Kings 14:27-28; 2 Chronicles 12:10-11)
 - f. He warred with Jeroboam (1 Kings 14:30; 2 Chronicles 11:1-4).
 - g. He prepared not his heart to seek the LORD (2 Chronicles 12:14).

B. Abijam or Abijah (1 Kings 15:1-8; 2 Chronicles 13:1-22)

1. The duration of his reign
 - a. His reign began in the eighteenth year of Jeroboam's reign (1 Kings 15:1; 2 Chronicles 13:1).
 - b. His reign began ~ year 3,261.
 - c. His reign lasted three years (1 Kings 15:2; 2 Chronicles 13:2).
 - d. He died (1 Kings 15:7-8; 2 Chronicles 14:1) ~ year 3,263.
2. The significance of his reign
 - a. He walked in the sins of his father (1 Kings 15:3-5).
 - b. He warred against (1 Kings 15:6; 2 Chronicles 13:2) and defeated Jeroboam (2 Chronicles 13:3-20).
 - c. He multiplied wives to himself (2 Chronicles 13:22).



C. Asa (1 Kings 15:9-24; 2 Chronicles 14-16)

1. The duration of his reign
 - a. His reign began in the twentieth year of Jeroboam's reign (1 Kings 15:9).
 - b. His reign began ~ year 3,263.
 - c. His reign lasted forty-one years (1 Kings 15:10).
 - d. His reign ended in death (1 Kings 15:24) ~ year 3,304.
2. The significance of his reign
 - a. He did that which was right in the eyes of the LORD (1 Kings 15:11; 2 Chronicles 14:2).
 - b. He did not remove all the wicked associations, but took major stands for righteousness (1 Kings 15:12-15; 2 Chronicles 14:3-5; 2 Chronicles 15:1-18).
 - c. He experienced ten years of rest and peace (2 Chronicles 14:1, 6).
 - d. He obtained victory against the Ethiopians (2 Chronicles 14:9-15).
 - e. He fought against Baasha (1 Kings 15:16-22; 2 Chronicles 16:1-6).
 - (1) In the thirty-sixth year of the reign of Asa (2 Chronicles 16:1).
 - (2) With the help of Syria (2 Chronicles 16:2-6)
 - f. He was judged of the LORD for relying on Syria (2 Chronicles 16:7-10).
 - g. He spent the last two years of his reign dealing with a disease in his feet (2 Chronicles 16:12).

D. Jehoshaphat (1 Kings 22:41-50; 2 Chronicles 17-20)

1. The duration of his reign
 - a. His reign began in the fourth year of Ahab's reign (1 Kings 22:41).
 - b. His reign began ~ year 3,304.
 - c. He was thirty-five years old when he began to reign and his reign lasted twenty-five years (1 Kings 22:42).
 - d. His reign ended in death (1 Kings 22:50) ~ year 3,328.
2. The significance of his reign
 - a. He did right in the eyes of the LORD (1 Kings 22:43, 46).
 - b. He was loved by the people and honoured by God (2 Chronicles 17:3-9; 2 Chronicles 20:3-33).
 - c. He made peace with Israel (1 Kings 22:44; 2 Kings 3:4-27; 2 Chronicles 18:1-34; 2 Chronicles 19:1-3; 2 Chronicles 20:35-37).
 - d. His son married Ahab's daughter (2 Kings 8:16-24).

E. Jehoram or Joram (2 Kings 8:16-24; 2 Chronicles 21:1-20)

1. The duration of his reign
 - a. His reign began in the fifth year of Joram's reign (2 Kings 8:16).
 - b. His reign began ~ year 3,325.
 - c. He was thirty-two years old when he began to reign and his reign lasted eight years (2 Kings 8:17; 2 Chronicles 21:5, 20).



- d. His reign ended in death (2 Kings 8:24) ~ year 3,332.
 2. The significance of his reign
 - a. He walked in the way of the kings of ISRAEL (2 Kings 8:18; 2 Chronicles 21:6, 11-13).
 - b. He lost Edom and Libnah (2 Kings 8:20-22; 2 Chronicles 21:8-10).
 - c. He killed his six brothers (2 Chronicles 21:1-4).
 - d. The LORD stirred up nations against him (2 Chronicles 21:16-17).
 - e. Six years into his reign he began to suffer a disease of his bowels. After two years, his bowels fell out and he died (2 Chronicles 21:15, 18-19).
 - f. He died without being desired (2 Chronicles 21:20).
- F. Ahaziah (2 Kings 8:25-29; 2 Kings 9:27-29; 2 Chronicles 22:1-9)
 1. The duration of his reign
 - a. His reign began in the eleventh (2 Kings 9:29) or twelfth year (2 Kings 8:25) of Joram's reign.
 - b. His reign began ~ year 3,332.
 - c. He was twenty-two years old (2 Kings 8:26) or forty-two years old (2 Chronicles 22:2) when he began to reign and his reign lasted one year (2 Kings 8:26; 2 Chronicles 22:2).
 - d. His reign ended in death (2 Chronicles 22:9) ~ year 3,332.
 2. The significance of his reign
 - a. He walked in the way of the house of Ahab (2 Kings 8:27; 2 Chronicles 22:3).
 - b. He was counselled by his mother and others to do wickedly (2 Chronicles 22:3-5).
 - c. He joined with Joram (or Jehoram), the king of Israel (2 Kings 8:28-29; 2 Chronicles 22:5-7).
 - d. He was killed by Jehu (2 Kings 9:27-29; 2 Chronicles 22:8-9).
- G. Athaliah (2 Kings 11:1-3; 2 Chronicles 22:10-12)
 1. The duration of her reign
 - a. She began to reign ~ year 3,333.
 - b. She reigned six years which would have ended with her death ~ year 3,338 (2 Kings 11:3).
 2. The significance of her reign
 - a. She destroyed the seed royal (2 Kings 11:1; 2 Chronicles 22:10).
 - b. Joash was hidden, preserving the seed of David (2 Kings 11:2-3; 2 Chronicles 22:11-12).
 - c. She established the Baal cult in Judah (2 Kings 8:18, 27; 2 Kings 11:18).
 - d. She was put to death by followers of the high priest Jehoiada who preserved and established Joash for the throne (2 Kings 11:4-16; 2 Chronicles 23:1-15).



- H. Joash or Jehoash (2 Kings 12:1-21; 2 Chronicles 23:16-21; 2 Chronicles 24:1-27)
1. The duration of his reign
 - a. He began to reign in the seventh year of Jehu's reign (2 Kings 12:1).
 - b. His reign began ~ year 3,339.
 - c. He was seven years old when he began to reign (2 Chronicles 24:1) and he reigned forty years (2 Kings 12:1; 2 Chronicles 24:1).
 - d. His reign ended in death ~ year 3,378.
 2. The significance of his reign
 - a. He did that which was right in the sight of the LORD all the days in which he was instructed by Jehoiada the priest (2 Kings 12:2-16; 2 Chronicles 23:16-21; 2 Chronicles 24:4-14).
 - b. In the twenty-third year of his reign (~ year 3,361), it was addressed that breaches in the house of the LORD had not been repaired as they should (2 Kings 12:6).
 - c. After the death of Jehoiada, Joash allowed the nation to turn from God (2 Chronicles 24:15-20).
 - d. He had Jehoiada's son, Zechariah, stoned to death for rebuking him (2 Chronicles 24:20-22).
 - e. He bribed the king of Syria with hallowed things in order to survive (2 Kings 12:17-18; 2 Chronicles 24:23-25).
 - f. His servants conspired against him and killed him (2 Kings 12:20-21; 2 Chronicles 24:25-26).
- I. Amaziah (2 Kings 14:1-20; 2 Chronicles 25)
1. The duration of his reign
 - a. He began to reign in the second year of Joash (king of Israel) (2 Kings 14:1).
 - b. His reign began ~ year 3,376.
 - c. He was twenty-five years old when he began to reign and reigned twenty-nine years (2 Kings 14:2; 2 Chronicles 25:1).
 - d. His reign ended in his murder ~ year 3,404 (2 Kings 14:15-20).
 2. The significance of his reign
 - a. He was a fairly good king, but with his obvious shortcomings (2 Kings 14:3-4; 2 Chronicles 25:2-4).
 - b. He attempted to unequally yoke together with Israel (2 Chronicles 25:5-13).
 - c. He turned to idolatry after victory (2 Chronicles 25:14-16).
 - d. He warred with and lost to the northern kingdom of Israel (2 Kings 14:8-14; 2 Chronicles 25:17-24).
- J. Uzziah or Azariah (2 Kings 14:21-22; 2 Kings 15:1-7; 2 Chronicles 26:1-23)
1. The duration of his reign



- a. He began to reign in the twenty-seventh year of Jeroboam's reign (2 Kings 15:1).
 - b. His reign began ~ year 3,416.
 - c. He began to reign at sixteen years old (2 Kings 14:21; 2 Kings 15:2; 2 Chronicles 26:1, 3) and reigned fifty-two years (2 Kings 15:2; 2 Chronicles 26:3).
 - d. His reign ended in death ~ year 3,467.
2. The significance of his reign
 - a. He did that which was mostly right in the sight of the LORD (2 Kings 15:3-4; 2 Chronicles 26:4-5).
 - b. He expanded Judah's territory (2 Chronicles 26:6-16).
 - c. The LORD smote him with leprosy for intruding into the priest's office (2 Kings 15:5; 2 Chronicles 26:16-21).
 - d. At some point during his reign there was a notable earthquake (Amos 1:1; Zechariah 14:5).

K. Jotham (2 Kings 15:32-38; 2 Chronicles 27:1-9)

1. The duration of his reign
 - a. He began to reign in the second year of Pekah (2 Kings 15:32).
 - b. His reign began ~ year 3,468.
 - c. He was twenty-five years when he began to reign and he reigned sixteen years (2 Kings 15:33; 2 Chronicles 27:1, 8).
 - d. His reign ended in death ~ year 3,483 (2 Kings 15:38; 2 Chronicles 27:9).
2. The significance of his reign
 - a. He did that which was mostly right in the sight of the LORD (2 Kings 15:34; 2 Chronicles 27:2).
 - b. Judah continued to prosper under his reign (2 Chronicles 27:3-6).

L. Ahaz (2 Kings 16:1-20; 2 Chronicles 28:1-27)

1. The duration of his reign
 - a. He began to reign in the seventeenth year of Pekah (2 Kings 16:1).
 - b. His reign began ~ year 3,483.
 - c. He was twenty years old when he began to reign and reigned sixteen years (2 Kings 16:2; 2 Chronicles 28:1).
 - d. His reign ended in his death ~ year 3,498 (2 Kings 16:20; 2 Chronicles 28:27).
2. The significance of his reign
 - a. He did evil in the sight of the LORD (2 Kings 16:2-4, 10-18; 2 Chronicles 28:2-4, 22-25). Note: One of the great indications of his wickedness was that he "shut up the doors of the house of the LORD, and he made him altars in every corner of Jerusalem" (2 Chronicles 28:24).
 - b. He suffered military losses on multiple fronts and to varying degrees (2 Kings 16:5-9; 2 Chronicles 28:5-21).



M. Hezekiah (2 Kings 18:1-37; 2 Kings 19:1-37; 2 Kings 20:1-21; 2 Chronicles 29:1-36; 2 Chronicles 30:1-27; 2 Chronicles 31:1-21; 2 Chronicles 32:1-33)

1. The duration of his reign
 - a. He began to reign in the third year of Hoshea (2 Kings 18:1).
 - b. His reign began ~ year 3,496.
 - c. He was twenty-five years old when he began to reign and reigned twenty-nine years (2 Kings 18:2; 2 Chronicles 29:1).
 - d. His reign ended in his death ~ year 3,524 (2 Kings 16:20; 2 Chronicles 28:27).
2. The significance of his reign
 - a. He did right in the sight of the LORD (2 Kings 18:3-6; 2 Chronicles 29:2-36; 2 Chronicles 30:1-27; 2 Chronicles 31:1-21). Note: One of the things he did right was the reopening of the doors of the house of the LORD (~ year 3,496) that were shut by Ahaz (2 Chronicles 29:3). It is also interesting that Hezekiah called for the songs of Asaph and David (nearly 300 years old) in order to worship God.
 - b. He prospered in battle (2 Kings 18:7-8).
 - c. In the fourth year (~ year 3,499) until the sixth year (~ year 3,501) of his reign, Assyria came and besieged the northern kingdom of Israel (2 Kings 18:9-12).
 - d. In the fourteenth year of Hezekiah's reign (~ year 3,509), the king of Assyria came to do the same to Judah, but to no avail (2 Kings 18:13-37; 2 Kings 19:1-37; 2 Chronicles 32:1-22; Isaiah 36:1-22; Isaiah 37:1-38).
 - e. Immediately on the heels of Hezekiah's preservation, he was informed of the LORD that he would die. After prayer, Hezekiah was granted another fifteen years of life (2 Kings 20:1-11; 2 Chronicles 32:24).
 - f. Hezekiah unwisely exposed his nation's wealth to the Babylonians (2 Kings 20:12-19; 2 Chronicles 32:31). Not many kings later, Babylon would take Judah into captivity.

N. Manasseh (2 Kings 21:1-18; 2 Chronicles 33:1-20)

1. The duration of his reign
 - a. His reign began ~ year 3,525.
 - b. He was twelve years old when he began to reign and reigned fifty-five years (2 Kings 21:1; 2 Chronicles 33:1).
 - c. His reign ended in his death ~ year 3,579.
2. The significance of his reign
 - a. He did evil in the sight of the LORD (2 Kings 21:2-16; 2 Chronicles 33:2-10).
 - b. He was taken for a span of time into the land of Babylon by the Assyrians as a result of his disobedience (2 Chronicles 33:11-13). When he returned, he had a change of heart toward the LORD (2 Chronicles 33:14-18).



- O. Amon (2 Kings 21:19-26; 2 Chronicles 33:21-25)
1. The duration of his reign
 - a. His reign began ~ year 3,580.
 - b. He was twenty-two years old when he began to reign and reigned two years (2 Kings 21:19; 2 Chronicles 33:21).
 - c. His reign ended in his death ~ year 3,581 (2 Kings 21:26; 2 Chronicles 33:24).
 2. The significance of his reign
 - a. He did evil in the sight of the LORD (2 Kings 21:20-22; 2 Chronicles 33:22-23).
 - b. His servants conspired against him and killed him (2 Kings 21:23-24; 2 Chronicles 33:24-25).
- P. Josiah (2 Kings 22:1-20; 2 Kings 23:1-30; 2 Chronicles 34:1-33; 2 Chronicles 35:1-27)
1. The duration of his reign
 - a. His reign began ~ year 3,582.
 - b. He was eight years old when he began to reign and reigned thirty-one years (2 Kings 22:1; 2 Chronicles 34:1).
 - c. His reign ended in his death ~ year 3,612 (2 Kings 23:20).
 2. The significance of his reign
 - a. He did that which was right in the eyes of the LORD (2 Kings 22:2; 2 Chronicles 34:2). Note: In the eighteenth year of his reign (~ year 3,599), he enquired of the repairs on the house of the LORD (2 Kings 22:3-10). It was at this time that the word of the LORD was found and read to Josiah.
 - b. He led the people in drawing nigh unto God (2 Kings 22:11-20; 2 Kings 23:1-25; 2 Chronicles 34:3-33; 2 Chronicles 35:1-19).
 - c. He died in battle against Egypt (2 Kings 23:28-30; 2 Chronicles 35:20-25).
- Q. Jehoahaz (2 Kings 23:31-33; 2 Chronicles 36:1-3)
1. The duration of his reign
 - a. His reign began ~ year 3,613.
 - b. He was twenty-three years old when he began to reign and reigned three months (2 Kings 23:31; 2 Chronicles 36:2).
 - c. His reign ended in his death ~ year 3,613.
 2. The significance of his reign
 - a. He did evil in the sight of the LORD (2 Kings 23:32).
 - b. He was overtaken and replaced with his brother by Nechoh, the Pharaoh of Egypt (2 Kings 23:33; 2 Chronicles 36:3).
 - c. He died in Egypt (2 Kings 23:34).



- R. Eliakim or Jehoiakim (2 Kings 23:34-37; 2 Kings 24:1-7; 2 Chronicles 36:4-8)
1. The duration of his reign
 - a. His reign began ~ year 3,613.
 - b. He was twenty-five years old when he began to reign and reigned eleven years (2 Kings 23:36; 2 Chronicles 36:5).
 - c. His reign ended ~ year 3,623.
 2. The significance of his reign
 - a. He did that which was evil in the sight of the LORD (2 Kings 23:37; 2 Chronicles 36:5).
 - b. In his days, Babylon came and took him servant until he rebelled against them (2 Kings 24:1; 2 Chronicles 36:6-7).
 - c. The LORD continued to weaken Judah because of their sins (2 Kings 24:2-4).
 - d. He was condemned by Jeremiah, the prophet (Jeremiah 22:13-19).
- S. Jehoiachin or Jeconiah, or Jechonias (2 Kings 24:8-16; 2 Chronicles 36:9-10; see Matthew 1:11-12)
1. The duration of his reign
 - a. His reign began ~ year 3,624.
 - b. He was eighteen (2 Kings 24:8) or eight (2 Chronicles 36:9) years old when he began to reign and reigned three months.
 - c. His reign ended ~ year 3,624.
 2. The significance of his reign
 - a. He did evil in the sight of the LORD (2 Kings 24:9; 2 Chronicles 36:9).
 - b. He was conquered and removed by Nebuchadnezzar of Babylon (2 Kings 24:10-16; 2 Chronicles 36:10).
- T. Mattaniah or Zedekiah (2 Kings 24:17-20; 2 Kings 25:1-21; 2 Chronicles 36:11-21; Jeremiah 39:1-10)
1. The duration of his reign
 - a. His reign began ~ year 3,624.
 - b. He was twenty-one years old when he began to reign and reigned eleven years (2 Kings 24:18; 2 Chronicles 36:11).
 - c. His reign ended ~ year 3,633.
 2. The significance of his reign
 - a. He did that which was evil in the sight of the LORD (2 Kings 24:19; 2 Chronicles 36:12).
 - b. He rebelled against the king of Babylon (2 Kings 24:20; 2 Chronicles 36:13).
 - c. In the ninth year of his reign (~ year 3,631) unto the eleventh year of his reign, Jerusalem was conquered (2 Kings 25:1-21; 2 Chronicles 36:17-21).



II. THE KINGS OF ISRAEL

A. Jeroboam (1 Kings 12:25-33; 1 Kings 13:1-34; 1 Kings 14:1-20)

1. The duration of his reign
 - a. His reign began ~ year 3,244.
 - b. He reigned twenty-two years (1 Kings 14:20).
 - c. His reign ended ~ year 3,265.
2. The significance of his reign
 - a. He was the recipient of the split of the kingdom that broke off from Rehoboam (1 Kings 11:26-40).
 - b. He introduced idolatry to keep the northern tribes from journeying south to worship in Jerusalem (1 Kings 12:26-33).
 - c. He received news of judgment from a man of God concerning his false altar (1 Kings 13:1-10). Yet, he ignored the warnings and returned not from his evil way (1 Kings 13:33-34).
 - d. His son fell sick and he sent to know if he would recover only to find out it was of God that he would die (1 Kings 14:1-18).

B. Nadab (1 Kings 15:25-31)

1. The duration of his reign
 - a. He began to reign in the second year of Asa's reign (1 Kings 15:25).
 - b. His reign began ~ year 3,265.
 - c. He reigned two years (1 Kings 15:25).
 - d. His reign ended ~ year 3,266 (see 1 Kings 15:28).
2. The significance of his reign
 - a. He was the second king in the dynasty of Jeroboam (1 Kings 15:25).
 - b. He did evil in the sight of the LORD (1 Kings 15:26).
 - c. He was killed by his successor (1 Kings 15:27-31).

C. Baasha (1 Kings 15:32-34; 1 Kings 16:1-7; 2 Chronicles 16:1-6)

1. The duration of his reign
 - a. He began to reign in the third year of Asa's reign (1 Kings 15:33).
 - b. His reign began ~ year 3,266.
 - c. He reigned twenty-four years (1 Kings 15:33).
 - d. His reign ended ~ year 3,289.
2. The significance of his reign
 - a. He was the first king in his own dynasty.
 - b. He did evil in the sight of the LORD (1 Kings 15:34).
 - c. He was condemned by the prophet, Jehu, because God exalted him to his position only to see him repeat the sins of the previous dynasty (1 Kings 16:1-7).
 - d. He came up against Judah and king Asa, but was deterred when Asa (Judah's king) hired Ben-hadad, king of Syria, to get involved (2 Chronicles 16:1-6).



D. Elah (1 Kings 16:8-14)

1. The duration of his reign
 - a. He began to reign in the twenty-sixth year of Asa's reign (1 Kings 16:8).
 - b. His reign began ~ year 3,289.
 - c. He reigned two years (1 Kings 16:8).
 - d. His reign ended ~ year 3,290 (see 1 Kings 16:10).
2. The significance of his reign
 - a. He was the second king in the second dynasty (Baasha's) (1 Kings 16:8).
 - b. He was killed by his servant while he was drinking himself drunk (1 Kings 16:9-10).
 - c. He did evil in the sight of the LORD (1 Kings 16:11-13).

E. Zimri (1 Kings 16:15-22)

1. The duration of his reign
 - a. He began to reign in the twenty-seventh year of Asa's reign (1 Kings 16:15).
 - b. His reign began ~ year 3,290.
 - c. He reigned seven days (1 Kings 16:15).
 - d. His reign ended ~ year 3,290.
2. The significance of his reign
 - a. He was the first and only king in the third dynasty.
 - b. The remainder of Israel promoted Omri and Omri took the kingdom by war (1 Kings 16:16-18).
 - c. He did evil in the sight of the LORD (1 Kings 16:19).

F. Omri (1 Kings 16:23-28)

1. The duration of his reign
 - a. He began to reign in the thirty-first year of Asa's reign (1 Kings 16:23). Note: It would appear that Omri actually began to reign in Tirzah in the twenty-seventh year of Asa's reign, but would later begin to reign in the new capital city of Samaria (1 Kings 16:23). This would explain the discrepancy.
 - b. His reign began ~ year 3,290.
 - c. He reigned twelve years (1 Kings 16:23).
 - d. His reign ended ~ year 3,301.
2. The significance of his reign
 - a. He was the first king in the fourth dynasty.
 - b. He purchased Samaria and established it as the capital of the northern kingdom (1 Kings 16:24).
 - c. He wrought evil in the sight of the LORD, doing worse than all that came before him (1 Kings 16:25-26).



G. Ahab (1 Kings 16:29-34; 1 Kings 17:1-24; 1 Kings 18:1-46; 1 Kings 19:1-21; 1 Kings 20:1-43; 1 Kings 21:1-29; 1 Kings 22:1-40)

1. The duration of his reign
 - a. He began to reign in the thirty-eighth year of Asa's reign (1 Kings 16:29).
 - b. His reign began ~ year 3,301.
 - c. He reigned twenty-two years (1 Kings 16:29).
 - d. His reign ended ~ year 3,322.
2. The significance of his reign
 - a. He was the second king in the fourth (Omri's) dynasty.
 - b. He did evil in the sight of the LORD, including the introduction of Baal worship (1 Kings 16:30-33).
 - c. He defeated Syrian on two occasions (1 Kings 20:1-34).
 - d. He had constant conflict with Elijah, the prophet.

H. Ahaziah (1 Kings 22:51-53; 2 Kings 1:2-18)

1. The duration of his reign
 - a. He began to reign in the seventeenth year of Jehoshaphat's reign (1 Kings 16:51).
 - b. His reign began ~ year 3,320.
 - c. He reigned two years (1 Kings 16:51).
 - d. His reign ended ~ year 3,321.
2. The significance of his reign
 - a. He was the third king in the fourth (Omri's) dynasty.
 - b. He did evil in the sight of the LORD (1 Kings 22:52-53; 2 Kings 1:1-18).

I. Jehoram (2 Kings 3:1-27)

1. The duration of his reign
 - a. He began to reign in the eighteenth year of Jehoshaphat's reign (2 Kings 3:1).
 - b. His reign began ~ year 3,321.
 - c. He reigned twelve years (2 Kings 3:1).
 - d. His reign ended ~ year 3,332.
2. The significance of his reign
 - a. He was the fourth king in the fourth (Omri's) dynasty (2 Kings 3:1).
 - b. He did evil in the sight of the LORD (2 Kings 3:2-3).
 - c. He warred with Israel and Edom against Moab (2 Kings 3:5-27).
 - d. He was killed by Jehu (2 Kings 9:14).

J. Jehu (2 Kings 9:11-37; 2 Kings 10:1-36)

1. The duration of his reign
 - a. His reign began ~ year 3,333.



- b. He reigned twenty-eight years (2 Kings 10:36).
- c. His reign ended ~ year 3,360.
- 2. The significance of his reign
 - a. He was the first king of his own dynasty, the fifth dynasty.
 - b. He slaughtered the house of Omri (2 Kings 9:11-37; 2 Kings 10:1-17).
 - c. He destroyed the worshippers of Baal (2 Kings 10:18-28).
 - d. Israel began to be judged of the LORD and cut short (2 Kings 10:31-33).

K. Jehoahaz (2 Kings 13:1-9)

- 1. The duration of his reign
 - a. He began to reign in the twenty-third year of Joash's reign (2 Kings 13:1).
 - b. His reign began ~ year 3,361.
 - c. He reigned seventeen years (2 Kings 13:1).
 - d. His reign ended ~ year 3,377.
- 2. The significance of his reign
 - a. He was the second king in Jehu's dynasty.
 - b. He did that which was evil in the sight of the LORD (2 Kings 13:2).
 - c. The nation suffered some oppression at the hand of the Syrians (2 Kings 13:3-7).

L. Jehoash (2 Kings 13:10-25; 2 Kings 14:15-16)

- 1. The duration of his reign
 - a. He began to reign in the thirty-seventh year of Joash's reign (2 Kings 13:10).
 - b. His reign began ~ year 3,375.
 - c. He reigned sixteen years (2 Kings 13:10).
 - d. His reign ended ~ year 3,390.
- 2. The significance of his reign
 - a. He was the third king in fifth dynasty, Jehu's dynasty (2 Kings 13:10).
 - b. He did evil in the sight of the LORD (2 Kings 13:11).

M. Jeroboam II (2 Kings 14:23-29)

- 1. The duration of his reign
 - a. He began to reign in the fifteenth year of Amaziah's reign (2 Kings 14:23).
 - b. His reign began ~ year 3,390.
 - c. He reigned forty-one years (2 Kings 14:23).
 - d. His reign ended ~ year 3,430.
- 2. The significance of his reign



- a. He was the fourth king in the fifth dynasty, Jehu's dynasty (2 Kings 14:23).
- b. He did evil in the sight of the LORD, like that of Jeroboam (2 Kings 14:24).
- c. He was used of the LORD to restore some of Israel's land (2 Kings 14:25, 28).

N. Zachariah (2 Kings 15:8-12)

1. The duration of his reign
 - a. He began to reign in the thirty-eighth year of Azariah's reign (2 Kings 15:8).
 - b. His reign began ~ year 3,453.
 - c. He reigned six months (2 Kings 15:8).
 - d. His reign ended ~ year 3,453.
2. The significance of his reign
 - a. He was the fifth king in the fifth dynasty, Jehu's dynasty (2 Kings 15:8).
 - b. He did evil in the sight of the LORD, as his fathers had done (2 Kings 15:9).
 - c. He was killed by a conspirator, Shallum (2 Kings 15:10).

O. Shallum (2 Kings 15:13-15)

1. The duration of his reign
 - a. He began to reign in the thirty-ninth year of Azariah's or Uzziah's reign (2 Kings 15:13).
 - b. His reign began ~ year 3,454.
 - c. He reigned one month (2 Kings 15:13).
 - d. His reign ended ~ year 3,454.
2. The significance of his reign
 - a. He was the only king of the sixth dynasty.
 - b. He was killed by Menahem (2 Kings 15:14-15).

P. Menahem (2 Kings 15:16-22)

1. The duration of his reign
 - a. He began to reign in the thirty-ninth year of Azariah's or Uzziah's reign (2 Kings 15:17).
 - b. His reign began ~ year 3,454.
 - c. He reigned ten years (2 Kings 15:17).
 - d. His reign ended ~ year 3,463.
2. The significance of his reign
 - a. He was the first king of the seventh dynasty.
 - b. He did evil in the sight of the LORD (2 Kings 15:18).
 - c. He was a vassal to Assyria (2 Kings 15:19-20).



Q. Pekahiah (2 Kings 15:23-26)

1. The duration of his reign
 - a. He began to reign in the fiftieth year of Azariah's or Uzziah's reign (2 Kings 15:23).
 - b. His reign began ~ year 3,465.
 - c. He reigned two years (2 Kings 15:23).
 - d. His reign ended ~ year 3,466.
2. The significance of his reign
 - a. He was the second king of the seventh dynasty.
 - b. He did evil in the sight of the LORD (2 Kings 15:24).
 - c. He was killed by the conspirator, Pekah (2 Kings 15:25).

R. Pekah (2 Kings 15:27-31)

1. The duration of his reign
 - a. He began to reign in the fifty-second year of Azariah's or Uzziah's reign (2 Kings 15:27).
 - b. His reign began ~ year 3,467.
 - c. He reigned twenty years (2 Kings 15:27).
 - d. His reign ended ~ year 3,486.
2. The significance of his reign
 - a. He was the only king of the eighth dynasty.
 - b. He did that which was evil in the sight of the LORD (2 Kings 15:28).
 - c. He was conspired against and killed by his successor, Hoshea (2 Kings 15:30).

S. Hoshea (2 Kings 17:1-6)

1. The duration of his reign
 - a. He began to reign in the twelfth year of Ahaz's reign (2 Kings 17:1).
 - b. His reign began ~ year 3,494.
 - c. He reigned nine years (2 Kings 17:1).
 - d. His reign ended ~ year 3,502.
2. The significance of his reign
 - a. He was the only king of the ninth dynasty.
 - b. He did that which was evil in the sight of the LORD, but not to the extent of the kings before him (2 Kings 17:2).
 - c. He initially submitted to the king of Assyria, but later rebelled and lost (2 Kings 17:3-6).
 - d. He was carried away into Assyria (2 Kings 17:6).
 - e. Israel was taken into captivity and incorporated as an Assyrian province (2 Kings 17:7-41).